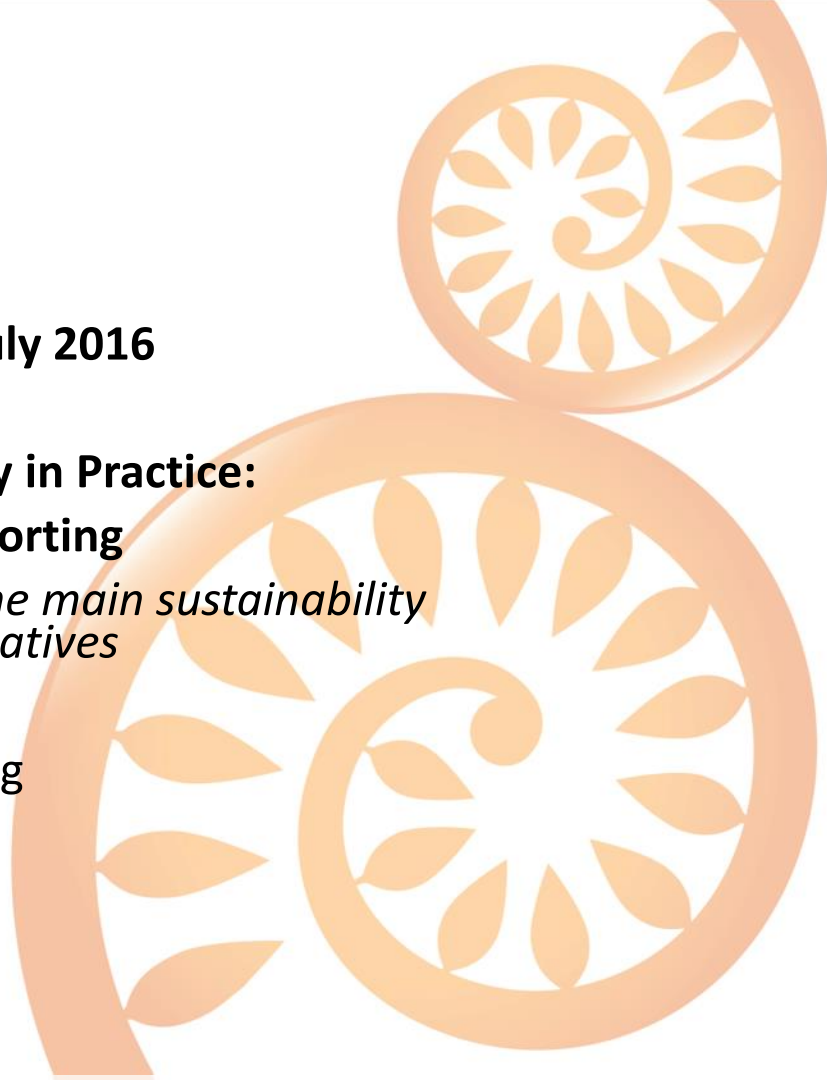


IEMA Webinar – July 2016

**Corporate Sustainability in Practice:
Strategy and Reporting**

*A whistle-stop tour of some of the main sustainability
schemes and initiatives*

Phil Cumming



A bit about me

- 18+ years professional experience in environment and sustainability
 - 8 years consultancy
 - 9+ years in-house (London 2012, Kingfisher plc, M&S plc)
- Multi-sector international experience
- Non-Executive Director for Julie's Bicycle and Resource Futures
- Associate Lecturer with Birkbeck College
- Chair of BSI's Sustainable Resource Management Committee
- Professional bodies:
 - IEMA Strategic Advisory Council & GACSO Advisory Group
 - Founder Member – Institute of Corporate Responsibility & Sustainability (ICRS)
 - Certified Sustainability Associate – International Society of Sustainability Professionals (ISSP)

IEMA Webinar: Corporate Sustainability in Practice: Strategy and Reporting

*A whistle-stop tour of some of the main sustainability schemes
and initiatives*

*Considerations on their respective **role, suitability and use** as
part of **developing and delivering a sustainability strategy***

IEMA Corporate Sustainability Developments: Beyond the Perfect Storm & New Skills Map



Management frameworks (1)

BS 8900 Parts 1 & 2

- First published in 2006 and revised in 2013
- Aims to provide practical guidance for integrating sustainability in organisations
- Principles based approach
- Includes Part 2 as a framework for assessment against Part 1

Key points:

- Might be useful for understanding where your organisation is
- Very light on detail...



Management frameworks (2)

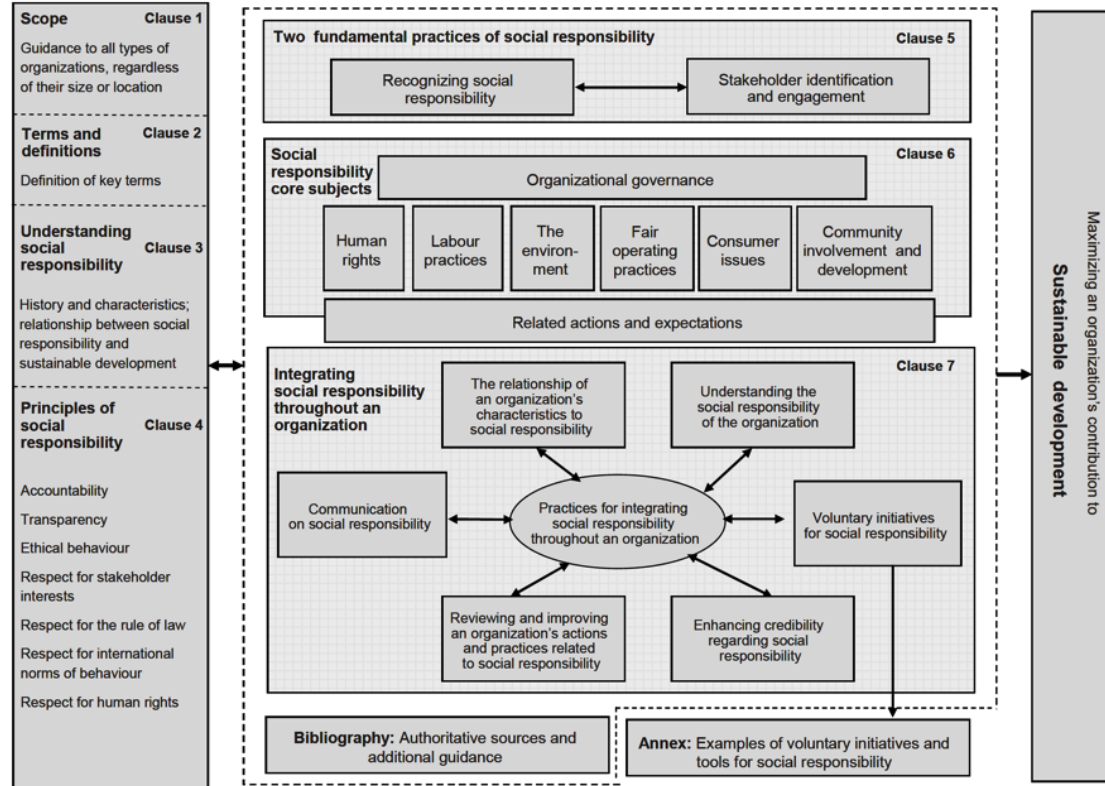
ISO 26000:2010

- Guidance on underlying principles of social responsibility
- Says sustainability is a societal issue and not a concern of specific organisations

- Not intended to be auditable

Key points:

- Useful for issue identification
- Not really about sustainability



Management frameworks (3)

BS 65000

- Provides guidance on building organisational resilience

BS 11000 Parts 1 & 2

- Framework specification to help organisations collaborate more effectively
- 8 stage approach from concept to disengagement
- Sustainability covered within scope

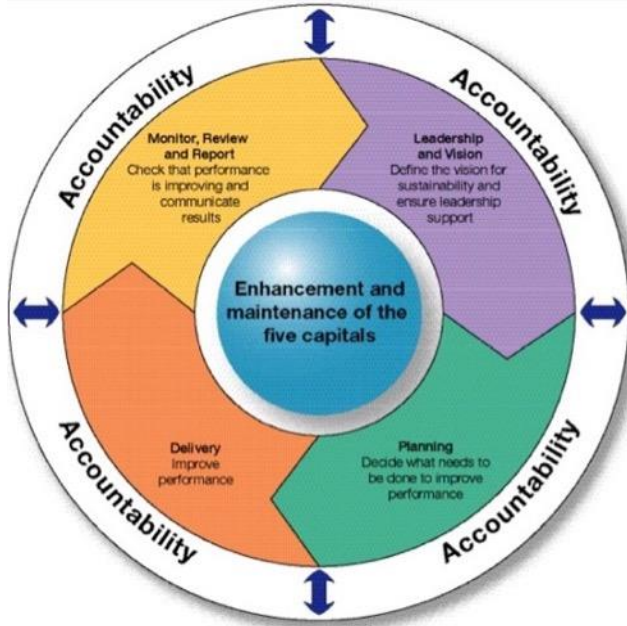
Key points:

- Useful frameworks to know about
- BS 11000 may need to be adapted for non-commercial sustainability collaborations



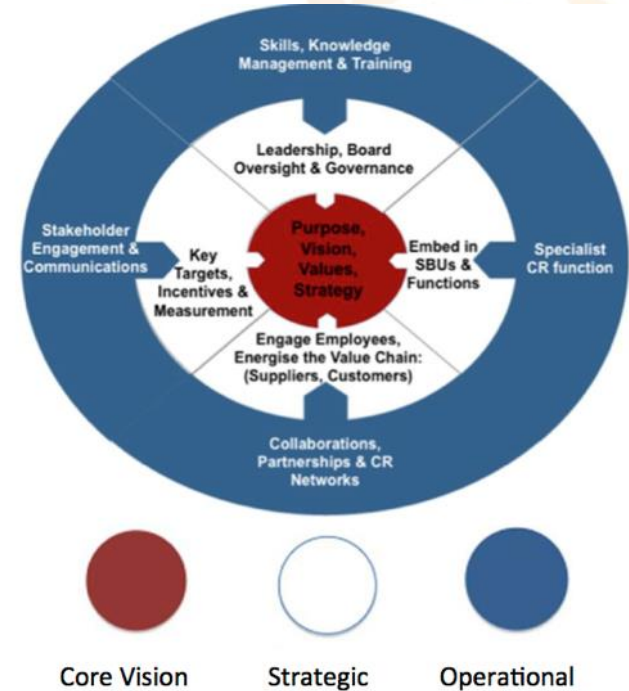
Management frameworks (4)

SIGMA Guidelines



SIGMA Management Framework – SIGMA Guidelines (2003)

Doughty Centre: Embedding Sustainability Model



Ainsbury & Grayson – Understanding a company's current and desired stages of corporate responsibility maturity (2014)

Advocacy initiatives (1)

Global Goals (aka UN SDGS)

- Global 'to do' list – agreed in September 2015
- 17 goals & 129 targets by 2030 (supported by 230 indicators)
- Inform future investment & public policies

Key points:

- Useful for issue identification
- Can help / contribute including through collaborative working



- *Main difference between MDGs and SDGs is the recognition of interlinkages between the sustainability of the environment, economic development and poverty eradication – MDGs made no mention of economic development*
- <http://sdgcompass.org> - Guide to business action on SDGs
- <https://www.project-everyone.org> - Project Everyone
- <http://www.stakeholderforum.org> - Stakeholder Forum

Advocacy initiatives (2)

UN Global Compact

- World's largest initiative of its type
- Over 8,000 companies in 170 countries
- Requires an annual Communication on Progress

Key points:

- Advocacy initiative not compliance based
- Useful for issue identification
- Well respected & key for investors / certain ratings
- Maybe useful for internal buy-in
- Counts towards community investment
- Good local network and global platform opportunities



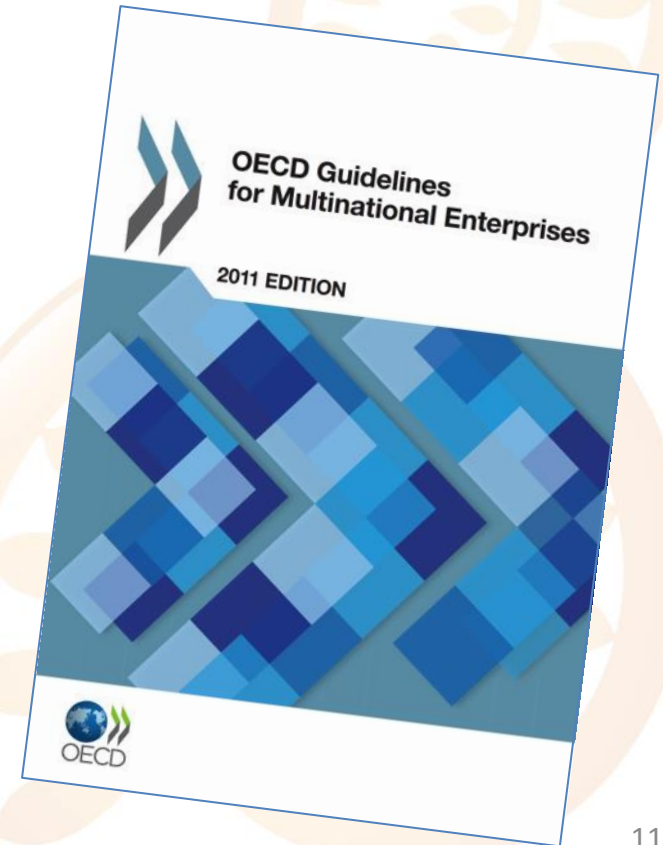
Advocacy initiatives (3)

OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises

- Recommendations addressed by governments to MNCs operating in or from 44 territories (e.g. UK, US, etc)
- Non-binding principles and standards for responsible business conduct
- Covers human rights, industrial relations, environment, anti-bribery, taxation...
- National Contact Points promote and handle enquiries
 - Complaints can also be raised to the NCP too

Key points:

- Useful for issue identification and to be aware of
- Helpful for human rights



Reporting standards (1)

Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)

- Network-based organisation in the Netherlands
- Framework developed through consensus-seeking dialogue
- G4 Guidelines – latest release...
- G3 / 3.1 Guidelines no longer available
- Sector Supplements
 - Airport operators
 - Food processing
 - Construction and real estate
 - Media
 - Electric utilities
 - Mining and metals
 - Event organisers
 - NGOs
 - Financial services
 - Oil and gas

- Principles for defining reporting content
 - Stakeholder inclusiveness
 - Sustainability context
 - Materiality
 - Completeness
- Principles for defining report quality
 - Accuracy
 - Balance
 - Clarity
 - Comparability
 - Reliability
 - Timeliness



GRI – Transitioning from G4 to GRI Standards

- G4 is an ‘in accordance’ standard
- GRI G4 Guidelines currently evolving into GRI Standards
 - 3 ‘Universal’ Standards
 - 33 topic-specific Standards
- Changes mostly involve improving structure and format of current G4 content
- More explicit in what’s ‘required’ vs what’s ‘advisory’
- Material issues should be immediately apparent
- Three claim options:
 - Comprehensive or Core
 - SRS Referenced
- Full set of draft GRI Standards available for public comment until 17 July 2016
- Standards proposed to be required for all reports published on or after 1st January 2018 (G4 remains in effect until this date)



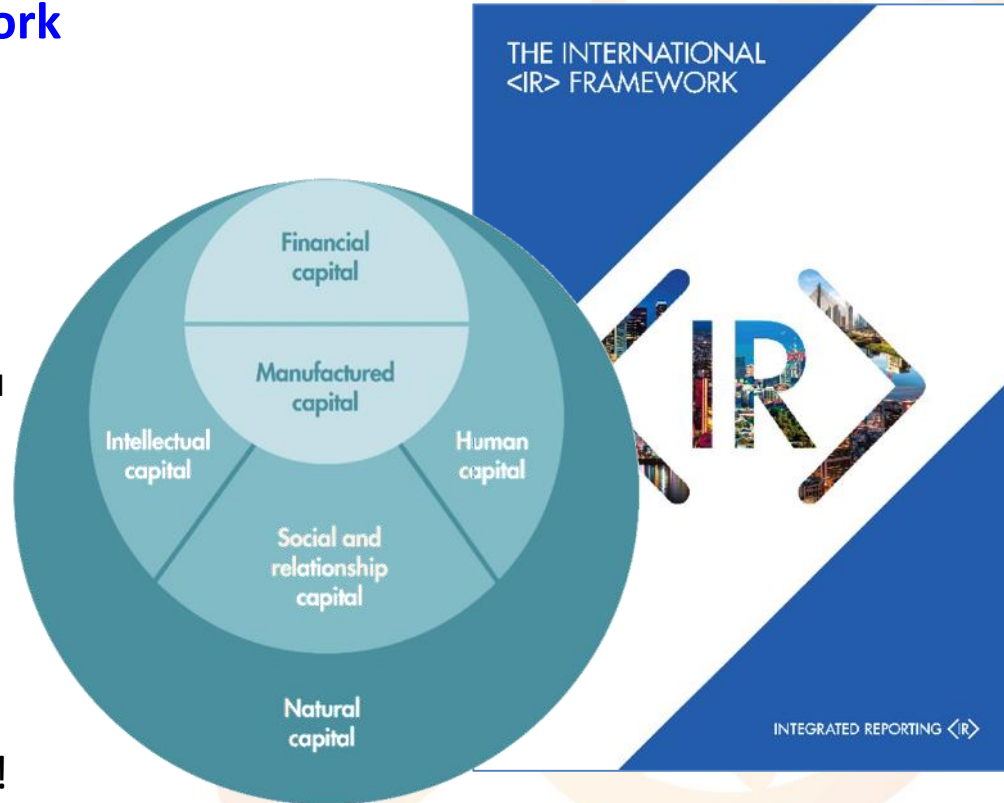
Reporting standards (2)

Integrated Reporting <IR> Framework

- Published in December 2013
- Fundamental concepts:
 - Value creation for organisation and others
 - The capitals – all things a business needs to be successful
 - The value creation process
- Objectives of <IR>:
 - Offers providers of financial capital an integrated presentation of key factors material to present and future value creation
- Sustainability Reporting is key to a company's integrated thinking:
 - Provides input into identification of material issues, strategic objectives, ability to achieve objectives and create value over time

Key points

- 'More integrated reporting' ≠ <IR>!!!



Reporting standards (3)

Other reporting standards

- Sustainability Standards Accounting Board (SASB)
 - Independent US non-profit
 - Developed accounting standards for c80 industries in 10 sectors
 - Designed for the disclosure of material information in mandatory filings in the US
- Climate Disclosure Standards Board (CDSB)
 - International consortium of business and environmental NGOs
 - Climate change reporting framework

Key points:

- New kids on the block – may provide useful insights
- CDSB recent report worth a look: *‘Mapping the sustainability reporting landscape’*



Indices & Benchmarking initiatives (1)

CDP

- UK based global transparency initiative
 - Climate change
 - Forestry
 - Water use
 - Supply chains
- Any organisation can participate

Key points:

- Recognised by investment community and certain stakeholders
- Can be useful to drive / maintain internal buy-in
- Read the scoring methodology!!!



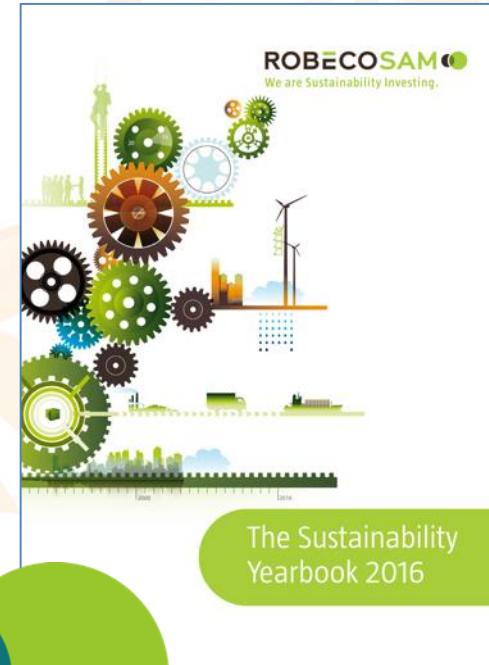
Indices & Benchmarking initiatives (2)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index

- First global sustainability index and attempts to follow a best in class approach
- Economic, environmental & social questions
- Either listed or not – plus
 - Sector leaders highlighted
 - Sustainability Yearbook
- Companies do get deleted
- Non-listed orgs can be benchmarked for a fee

Key points:

- Recognised by investment community
- Useful for issue identification / emerging themes
- Challenges to responding (e.g. scope)
- Can be useful to drive / maintain internal buy-in
- Not as transparent as it could be...



**Dow Jones
Sustainability Indexes**

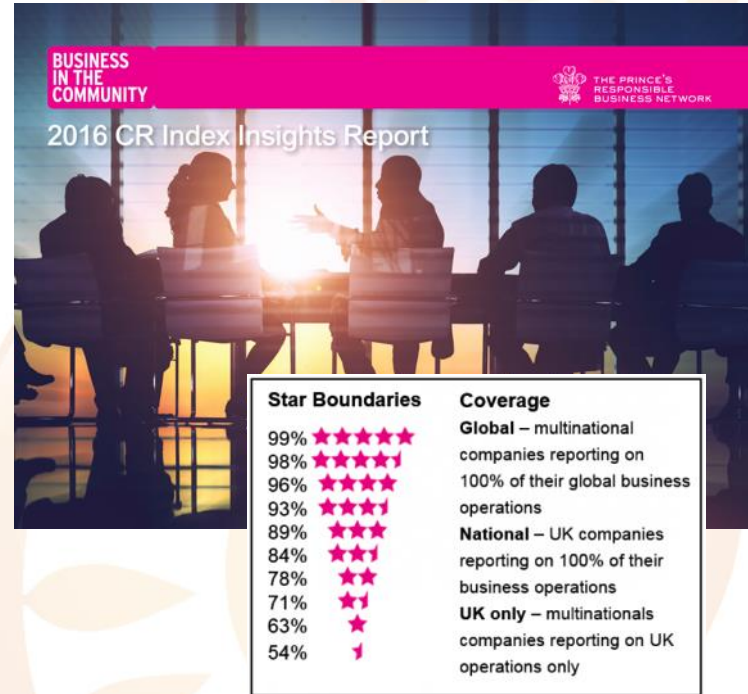
Indices & Benchmarking initiatives (3)

BITC CR Index

- First launched in 2002
- Aims to help companies measure, manage and integrate responsible business practice
- Covers community, employees, suppliers, products and services and environment
- Option for supported submission
- Feedback report
- Do not need to be a BITC member to participate (but costs more)

Key points:

- Might be useful benchmarking tool to consider
- Can be useful to drive / maintain internal buy-in
- Initiative appears to be running out of steam...



Indices & Benchmarking initiatives (4)

Other investor SRI Ratings e.g.

- Ethibel / Vigeo
- Oekom
- FTSE4Good



FTSE4Good

Other stakeholder led initiatives e.g.

- Business Benchmark on Farm Animal Welfare
- Corporate Human Rights Benchmark

Key points:

- All invite only or 'no choice'
- Level of transparency / openness is key
- Provide useful insights
- Number of stakeholder profiling initiatives increasing



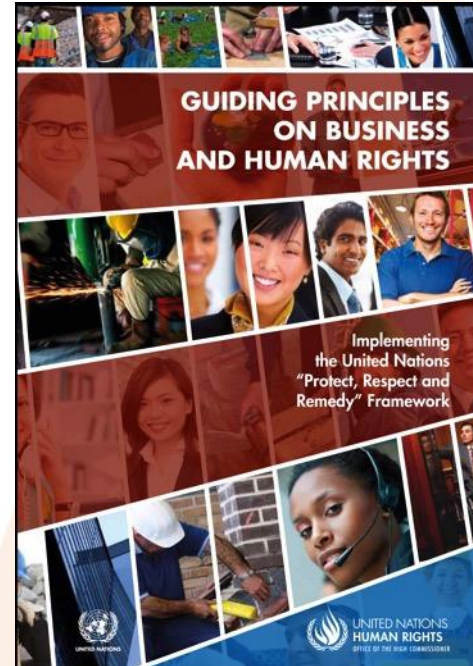
Topic specific (1)

UN Guiding Principles on Business & Human Rights (known as 'Ruggie')

- Framework produced in 2008 & endorsed in 2011
 - Protect
 - Respect
 - Remedy
- Aim to address gap between law and practice
- Covers business, community and supply chain
- Supporting reporting guidance (not 'official')

Key points:

- Essential for development of any strategies and plans on human rights
- Useful 'gap analysis' of approach to human rights
- Reporting guidance introduces concept of 'salience'



Topic specific (2)

London Benchmarking Group

- Global standard for measuring corporate community investment
- Help you measure and understand your inputs, outputs and impacts

BITC Community Mark

- Recognises leadership and excellence in community investment
- All commercial UK businesses can apply
- Aligned to LBG and asks how community investment is measured

Key points:

- Often a surprise at how much you are doing in the community
- Shift in focus away from financial investment to alignment with business objectives & social value



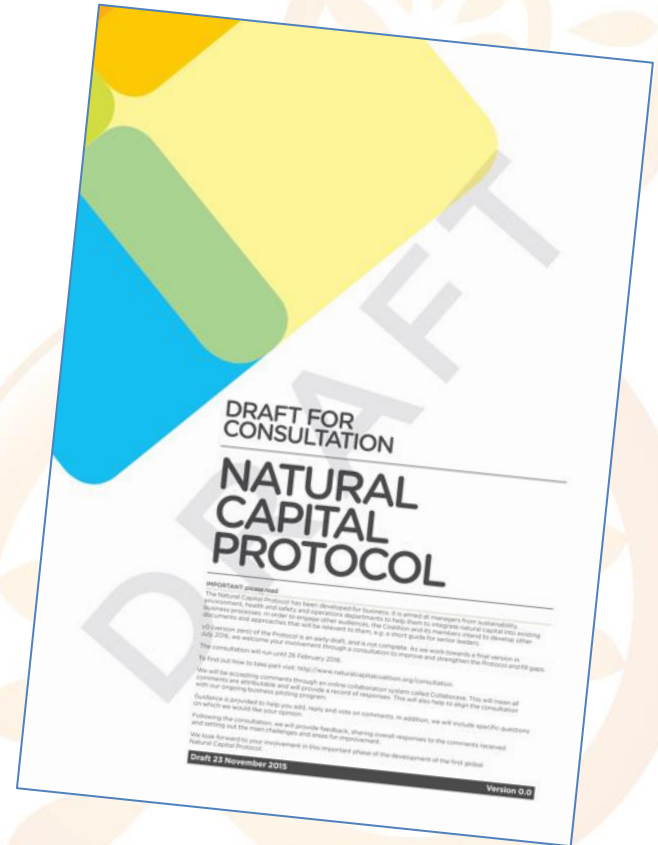
Topic specific (3)

Natural Capital Protocol

- Attempting to standardise how impacts and dependencies on natural capital are measured and valued
- Applicable to all business sectors across all geographies
- Aims to support decision-making, reduce risk and identify new opportunities
- Draft Natural Capital Protocol issued for consultation in November 2015
- Final version due in July 2016

Key points:

- Useful for issue identification across value chain
- Work started on ISO 14008 monetary valuation



Goal-orientated initiatives (1)

Net positive

- Businesses put back more into society, the environment & global economy than it takes out
- Concept still in its infancy & little agreement over what it means in practice
- Forum for the Future, WWF UK and Climate Group convenes a Net Positive Group
- 12 principles identified that characterise a net positive approach

Key points:

- Concept has been heavily criticised
- Useful to reflect on level of ambition



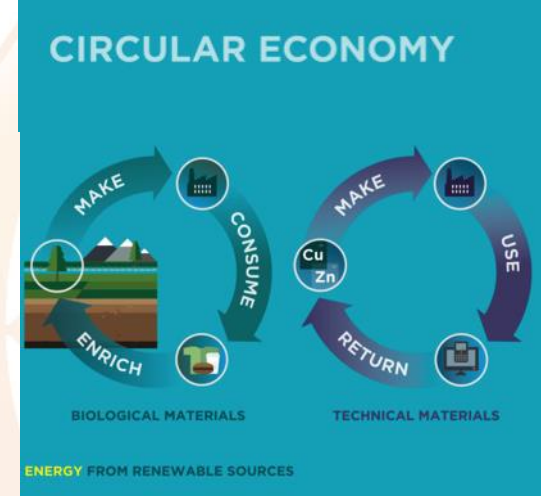
Goal-orientated initiatives (2)

Circular economy

- Not a new concept – blends multiple schools of thought
- Waste centric approach to resource efficiency no longer sufficient
- Waste does not exist
- Macro concept understood – but need to be able to turn into practical action

Key points:

- Lots of talk and confusion!
- BS 8001 'Framework for implementing the principles of the circular economy in organizations' in development



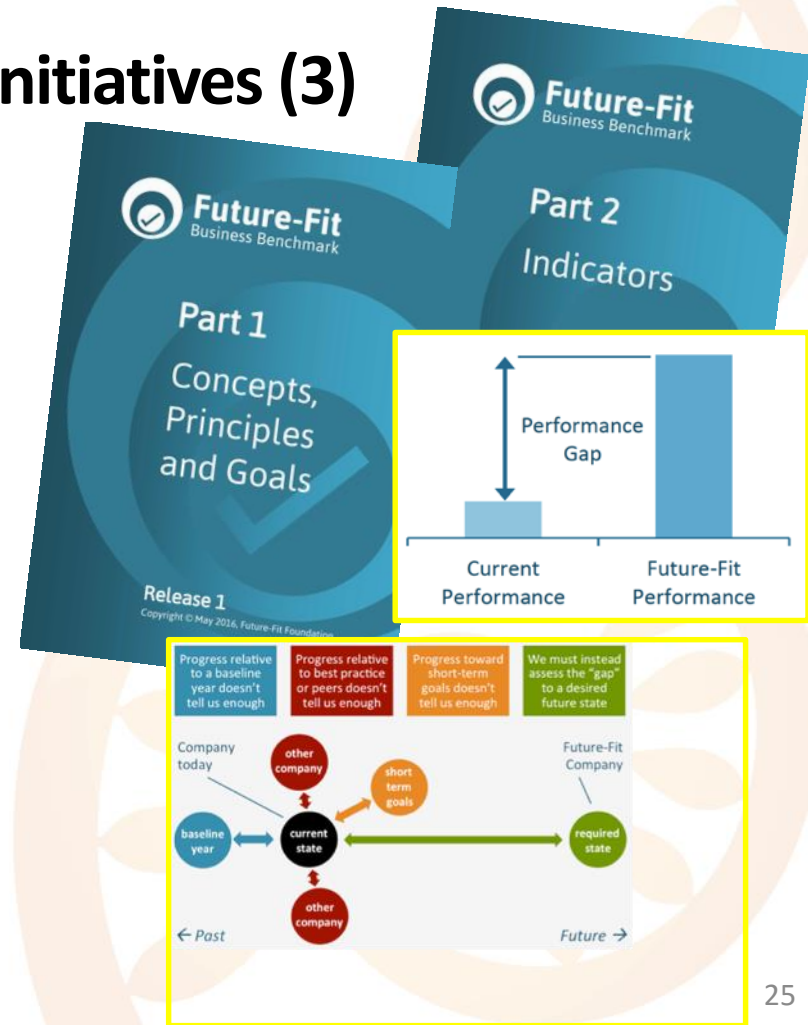
Goal-orientated initiatives (3)

Future-Fit Business Benchmark

- Current approach to sustainability progress is not good enough
- Attempts to help measure absolute progress towards a desired future state
- Identifies future-fit principles, goals (and Key Fitness Indicators)
- Science-based
- Co-created and is open and free

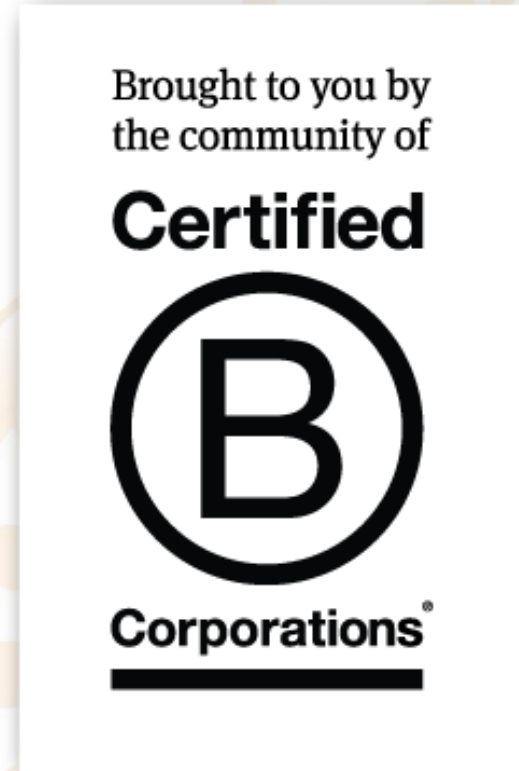
Key points:

- Excellent framework for issue identification, goal setting and reflecting where you are



B 'Benefit' Corporations

- Launched in the UK in September 2015
- Only commercial organisations are eligible
- Over 90 businesses in UK certified – over 1,700 across 50 countries and 130 industries
- Alternative vision for mainstream business in society - to qualify:
 - Performance Test – covers questions on governance, workers, communities, environment and your business model
 - Legal Test – commitment to sustainability in governing documents (e.g. new Objects clause written into revised Articles of Association)



Summing up

- Corporate sustainability landscape is incredibly cluttered
- Imperative that you understand why you are using or participating in a particular scheme or initiative
- Reporting against a strategy and ensuring certain standards (e.g. GRI) are met may conflict
 - Reporting should not be underestimated and should be considered alongside the development of strategy and associated goals
 - Knowing what is definitely required versus what is perhaps only a 'nice to have' or not required at all will avoid a lot of waste time and resources down the line
- Sustainability challenges are simply too complex for any one organisation or sector to solve
 - Requires collaboration across the value chain each partner brings unique skills and strengths

Thank you

